## AB 460 (BAUER-KAHAN) STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD: WATER RIGHTS AND **USAGE: INTERIM RELIEF: PROCEDURES - OPPOSE**











CALIFORNIA BEAN SHIPPERS











Modesto Irrigation

















































MONTECITO



































IRRIGATION DISTRICT



COASTSID







California Blueberry

Association

































May 5, 2023

TO: Members, Assembly Appropriations Committee

SUBJECT: AB 460 (BAUER-KAHAN) STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD: WATER

RIGHTS AND USAGE: INTERIM RELIEF: PROCEDURES

**OPPOSE - AS AMENDED APRIL 26, 2023** 

The undersigned organizations must respectfully **OPPOSE AB 460**, which would provide expansive new authority for the State Water Resources Control Board to issue "interim relief orders," on its own motion or upon petition of an interested party, to apply or enforce such things as the Reasonable Use and Public Trust Doctrine. The bill would also eliminate and weaken constitutionally protected rights to judicial review of State Water Board actions. While our organizations believe that illegal diversions are serious and should not be sanctioned, **AB 460** goes far beyond what is needed for the State Water Board to enforce and discourage illegal water diversions. **AB 460** is not only contrary to both the State and Federal constitutions, and in conflict with California's Administrative Procedures Act, but it portends ill-conceived and uninformed water management actions that will, in all likelihood, result in worse outcomes for the fish and wildlife resources that the bill purports to protect.

## The Scope Is Overly Broad and Implicates Questions Unsuitable for Interim Relief

We are concerned that this bill encompasses far more than alleged illegal diversions of surface water or violations of State Water Board orders. First, the bill proposes to authorize interim relief order and limit judicial review of numerous constitutional, statutory and common law doctrines that, by definition, require robust evidentiary records and full judicial review. For example, in addition to the Reasonable Use and Public Trust Doctrines, **AB 460** would authorize interim relief in actions concerning standards promulgated under the state's comprehensive water quality law (Porter-Cologne). For example, Water Code section 13241 governs the State Water Board's and regional water quality control boards' (Regional Boards) obligations to set water quality objectives, and the considerations and balancing that the boards must undertake when establishing and amending objectives. Water Code section 13241 includes, for instance, the need to develop housing in the area and the need to develop and use recycled water, among other local and regional considerations, when setting water quality objectives. Water Code sections 13550 *et seq.* relate directly to uses of recycled water. This bill would allow third parties to use the interim enforcement proceedings in **AB 460** as a new pathway to attack decisions relating to housing and recycled water projects.

Furthermore, as part of Porter-Cologne, Water Code sections 13241 and 13550 *et seq.* are already subject to a different set of mechanisms for enforcement and interim relief.<sup>1</sup> It is concerning that this could create a different, duplicative procedure for aggrieved parties to seek State Water Board investigation of water quality-related orders, discharges to water, or uses of recycled water. It is unnecessary to create new enforcement authority to address water quality issues when Porter-Cologne already provides adequate enforcement authority.

In addition, **AB 460** allows the State Water Board to issue interim relief for alleged violations of the Public Trust Doctrine, which is not defined in the bill. While the concept of public trust has long been interwoven in water and environmental law, courts have struggled to define exactly what it means and when it applies. For example, the doctrine requires the state to hold in trust designated resources for the benefit of the people; but, to which natural resources it applies has been subject to debate. And even the *National Audubon* case, which famously applies

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Wat. Code §§ 13301-13304, 13320, 13330.

the Public Trust Doctrine to the State Water Board's allocation decisions,<sup>2</sup> requires the State Water Board to balance the interests of the environmental and other beneficial uses of water. Moreover, we are aware of no authority that would extend the SWRCB's public trust authority and balancing to riparian and pre-1914 appropriative water rights.

Given these nebulous legal concepts and applications, it is concerning that the State Water Board would be able to issue an interim relief order on these grounds without an evidentiary hearing and regardless of the basis of right. These concerns are particularly heightened when there are limited opportunities for a diverter to understand the basis for the allegations and defend themselves. And **AB 460**'s proposed restrictions on independent judicial review of these types of State Water Board actions further heightens our concerns about the implications of this bill.

The bill also allows the State Water Board to issue interim relief to enforce Fish & Game Code section 5937. Again, this section contains language that makes the potential violations that could be implicated much broader than illegal diversions in critically dry conditions. For instance, Fish & Game Code section 5937 provides that dam owners must ensure sufficient flows through or around the dam in order to maintain in "good condition" any fish populations below the dam. **AB 460** would allow interested parties who disagree with dam releases to seek immediate state intervention and authorize the State Water Board to essentially take over operations, potentially at a moment's notice.

## Plenary Discretion Given to State Water Board to Initiate and Shape Interim Relief Proceedings

We are also concerned that this bill conflicts with the California Administrative Procedures Act, including the Administrative Bill of Rights, because the bill provides significant discretion to the State Water Board in pursuing and issuing interim relief orders, particularly in the event that the relief is initiated by the State Water Board itself. For instance, the bill outlines the requirements that an interested party must meet if it petitions for an interim relief order, but the same does not appear to apply to an own-motion process initiated by the State Water Board.

More concerning is that the State Water Board could immediately issue an interim relief order before holding a hearing if it makes certain findings. This is unnecessary given that the State Water Board already has the authority to act swiftly to address, for example, violations of curtailment regulations. Water Code section 1052 allows the State Water Board to go to court to obtain a temporary restraining order to stop diversions that are impacting fish and wildlife. A temporary restraining order is much more effective and enforceable than an interim relief order and, importantly, is issued by a neutral arbitrator. AB 460 lacks the procedural protections that should be afforded to all property rights. This bill would have the State Water Board serve as prosecutor, judge, jury, and executioner in deciding whether an interim relief order is warranted. This is critical considering that a diverter's rights to water are at stake without sufficient time to prepare a real case in defense.

Once the process has been initiated, the bill grants broad authority to the State Water Board to determine what evidence will be allowed at the hearing on the matter and how arguments will be presented. This is on a case-by-case basis, meaning that a diverter has no way to know ahead of time what evidence they may want or need to provide in order to defend themselves. The right to present evidence and testimony, to cross examine witnesses and to test evidence against you is a fundamental civil right that must be guaranteed before the state may restrict the use of vested property rights, including water rights.

## Due Process and Access to Judicial Review Are Limited or Eliminated

Water rights are property rights, and as such may not be infringed without due process of law. As written, **AB 460** deprives diverters of due process when the State Water Board makes certain findings. Under this scenario, the State Water Board does not have to provide at least 10 days' notice before a hearing to consider interim relief. Rather, the interim relief order may issue *without* notification or opportunity to be heard until after the fact, and only upon the diverter's request.

The bill would also allow an interim relief order to remain in place for 180 days. 180 days (or 6 months) is an entire irrigation season. This means that a diverter has no real opportunity to defend themselves for an entire 6-month period, and in the meantime, their right to divert water has been suspended.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> National Audubon Society v. Superior Court (1983) 33 Cal.3d 419.

AB 460 would not only provide expansive new administrative authorities to the State Water Board, but would also substantially weaken the existing, long-standing standards of review and, in many cases, eliminate any judicial review at all. Moreover, the bill would provide a very limited and unreasonably deferential standard of review for review of interim relief orders and preclude judicial review until the State Water Board acts on the underlying matter. In short, this bill deprives water rights holders from seeking any judicial or administrative review of an interim order. Given that the interim relief order may be issued with no due process, this compounds the injury to water rights holders.

The new, expansive interim relief authority will undoubtedly require significant expenditure of State Water Board resources in order to implement.

We understand that AB 460 is motivated in part by certain illegal actions that occurred in violation of the State Water Board's curtailment orders in late summer 2022. We do not condone such actions and do support efforts to better deter illegal water diversions. Flagrant violations of the law should not be merely a cost of doing business. However, we believe that AB 460 goes well beyond enforcement and grants the State Water Board broad new authority that injects new risks and infringes upon due process for water rights holders. For these and other reasons, the undersigned organizations must respectfully **OPPOSE AB 460**.

Sincerely,

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Policy Advocate
California Chamber of Commerce
On behalf of

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Almond Alliance, Aubrey Bettencourt

Association of California Egg Farmers, Debbie Murdock

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California Alfalfa and Forage Association, Nicole Helms

California Apple Commission, Todd Sanders

California Blueberry Association, Todd Sanders

California Blueberry Commission, Todd Sanders

California Business Properties Association, Matthew Hargrove

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California Association of Wheat Growers, Brooke Palmer

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